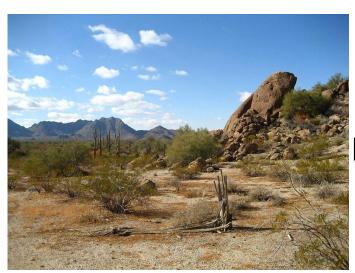
# A review of 0.5 degree global hourly air temperature datasets

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### Our global 0.5° hourly T data

We have developed global 0.5°x0.5°, hourly land surface air temperature data sets by merging the in situ data (CRU) with various reanalyses (MERRA, ERA-Int, ERA-40, NCEP) (Wang and Zeng, 2013).

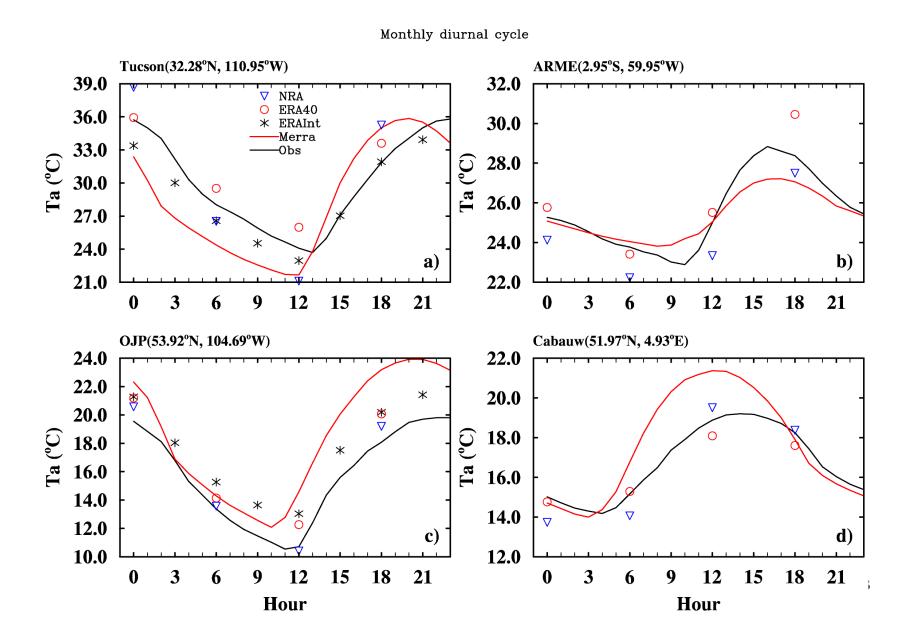
Our value-added data sets have exactly the same monthly mean values of daily maximum (Tx) and minimum (Tn) temperatures as those from CRU.

rda.ucar.edu/datasets/ds193.0/.index.html

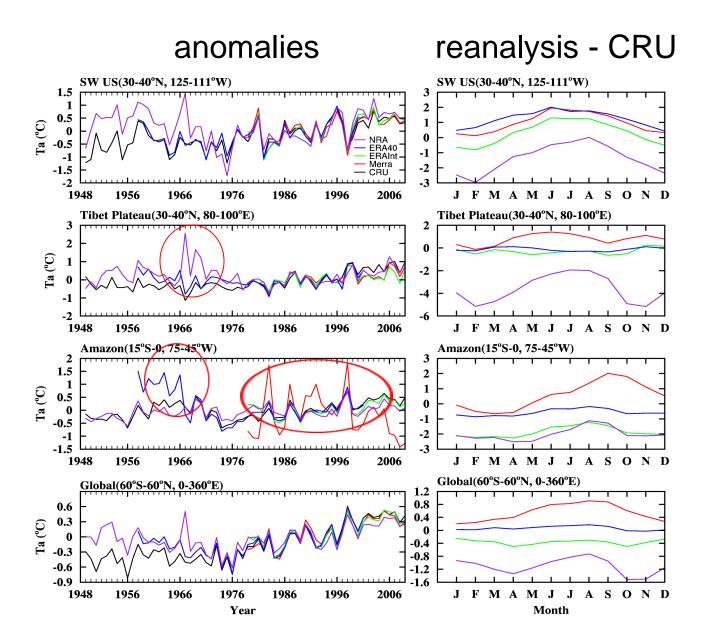




## Reanalysis Ta vs. point measurements in July



#### How realistic and consistent are reanalysis Ta?



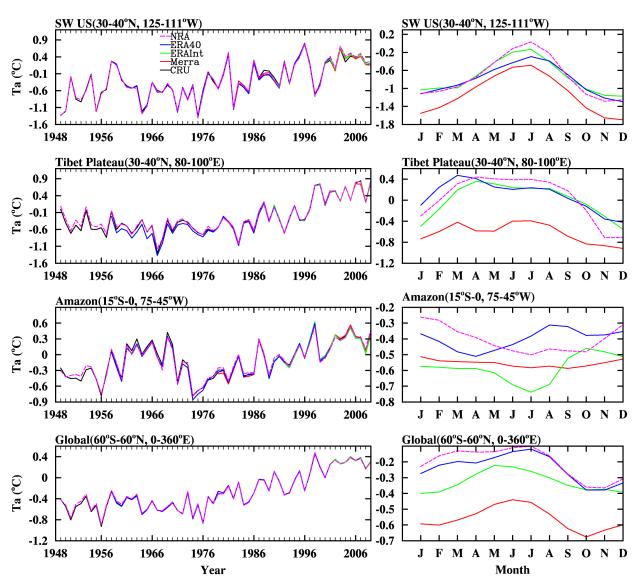
#### After our adjustment using CRU data



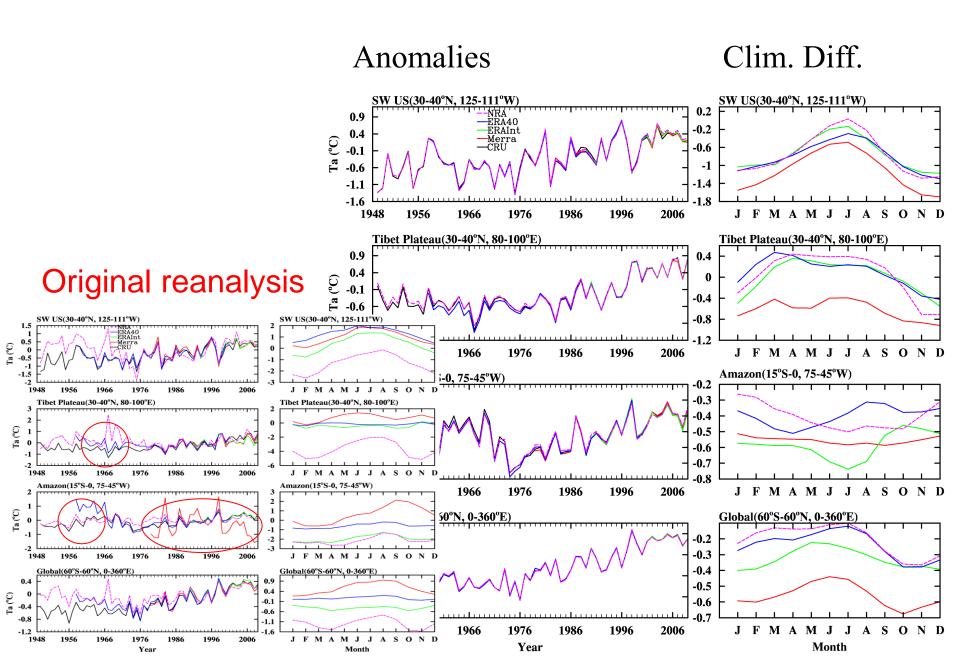
#### Clim. Diff.



Each adjusted reanalysis gives exactly the same Tmax, Tmin, (and Tm) as CRU data

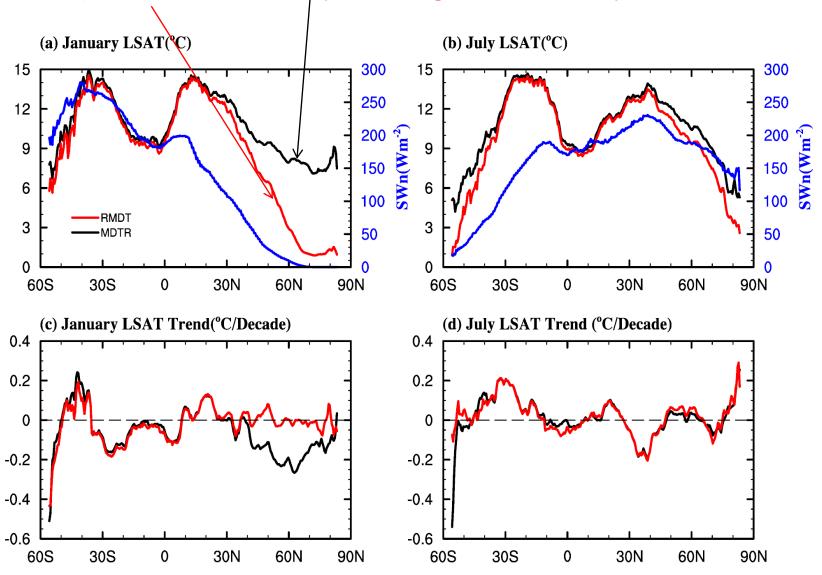


#### After our adjustment using CRU data



#### MDTR (based on daily Tx and Tn)

RMDT (based on monthly-averaged diurnal cycle)



http://rda.ucar.edu/datasets/ds193.0/

Wang and Zeng (2014)

# Suggestion on the next NLDAS Ta forcing data

- Using the same methodology in Wang and Zeng (2013) to develop hourly land surface air temperature data for the NLDAS domain
- Consider using multiple forcing to drive LSMs, as the dispersion may be as large as that from multiple models with the same forcing

Wang, A. and X. Zeng, 2013: Development of Global Hourly 0.5° Land Surface Air Temperature Datasets. J. Climate, 26, 7676–7691.

doi: http://dx.doi.org/10.1175/JCLI-D-12-00682.1